ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A method for optically recording information on an optically re-writable information medium is described. A mark is formed on a recording medium by radiating a laser light having the strength of the short recording pulse signal followed by the off-pulse signal. The recording film is heated to form the mark and the mark is extended by thermal diffusion while the off-pulse 10 signal is provided. Therefore, the length of the recorded mark ML is longer than the recording pulse width at a predetermined linear velocity. erasing pulse signal follows the off-pulse signal and the extended recorded mark is erased by the erasing pulse signal. The recording method 15 according to the present invention can form a mark on the recording medium by radiating the laser light having a shorter recording pulse width than a recording pulse width used in the conventional 20 method to form a mark having the same length. Therefore, heat quantity applied to the medium by the recording method according to the present invention is smaller than that of the conventional method. As a result, expansion of the mark in a 25

direction perpendicular to the longitudinal

direction of the track is reduced compared to conventional methods.

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